Breast screening

An easy guide about a health test for women aged 50 and over





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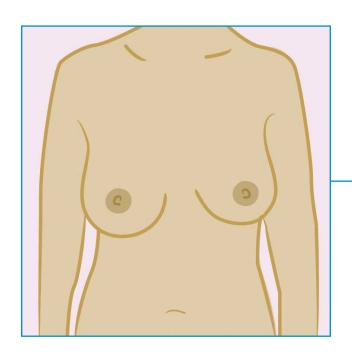
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Breast screening



This booklet tells you about breast screening. Breast screening is for women aged 50 and older.

This is a free test you can have to check your breasts (boobs).

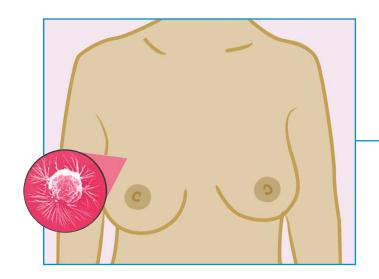


The test checks if your breasts are healthy.

The test can find changes inside your breasts that are too small to see or feel.

These small changes can grow and become cancer.

Breast cancer



Cancer is a very serious illness that you can die from.

Breast cancer starts when cells in the breast begin to grow and get bigger in size. This forms a lump known as a tumour.

Cancer can spread to other parts of the body too.

Breast cancer is the most common cancer in the country.



1 in 10 women get breast cancer.



Your risk of getting breast cancer increases as you get older.

Most breast cancers are found in women aged over 50.

More women now survive breast cancer than in the past.

Your choice



You can choose if you want to have breast screening or not.

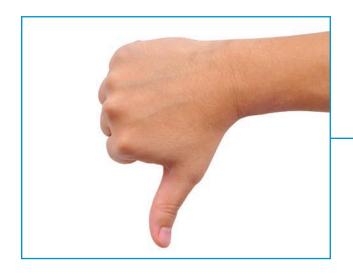
There are good points and bad points about breast screening.



Good points

Breast screening is a way of finding breast cancer. It can help find cancers that are too small to see or feel.

Breast screening can save lives. It means more women can have treatment to deal with breast cancer.



Bad points

Screening can mean some women have extra tests and treatment that they may not have needed.

Screening will find most breast cancers but may miss one on rare occasions.

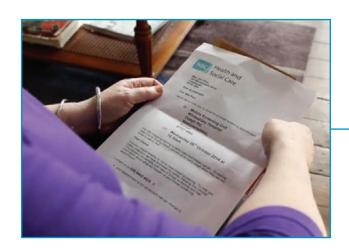


You can talk to someone you feel comfortable with to help you think about the test.

You can talk to a nurse, carer, relative, support worker or your doctor.

You can arrange a visit to your local breast screening unit before the test.

About the test



If you are a woman aged between 50 and 70 we will invite you for breast screening every 3 years.

We will send you a letter.

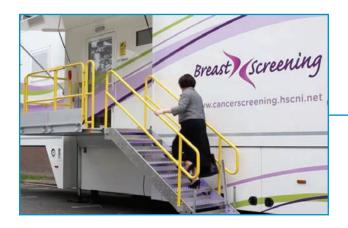


If you need any extra help, or you are in a wheelchair, then you can ask for a special appointment.



If you are aged over 70 you can still have breast screening every 3 years if you ask your local breast screening service.

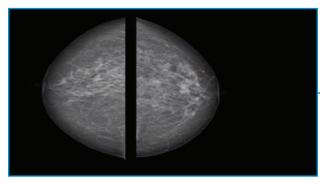
On the day of the test



If you decide you want to go for breast screening you will need to go to a breast screening unit.

You should bring with you

- your letter and
- hospital passport (if you have one).



You will have images taken of your breasts. These images are called mammograms.



When you arrive at the breast screening unit the staff will check your full name, address and date of birth.

They will explain what will happen and answer any questions you have.



You will need to take off the clothes you are wearing above your waist. This includes your bra, if you wear one.

It may be easier to wear a skirt or trousers instead of a dress.



The person doing the test is called a mammographer. This will always be a woman.

She will place your breasts on to the machine one at a time.

The machine will flatten your breast and hold it in place.

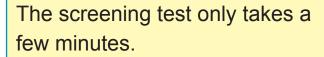
You will feel your breast being squeezed.



The x-ray machine may hurt a little bit but this will only be for a few seconds.

You need to keep very still for a few seconds while the images are taken.

We will usually take 2 images of each breast.



You will be at the screening centre for about 30 minutes.



Test results



We will send you a letter within 2 weeks with your screening test results.



Most results are normal.

This means you don't get asked to go for screening again for 3 years.



A few women will be asked to go back to the breast screening unit for more checks.

If these extra checks show that you might have cancer, someone will talk to you about what will happen next.

They will answer any questions you have.

Check your breasts

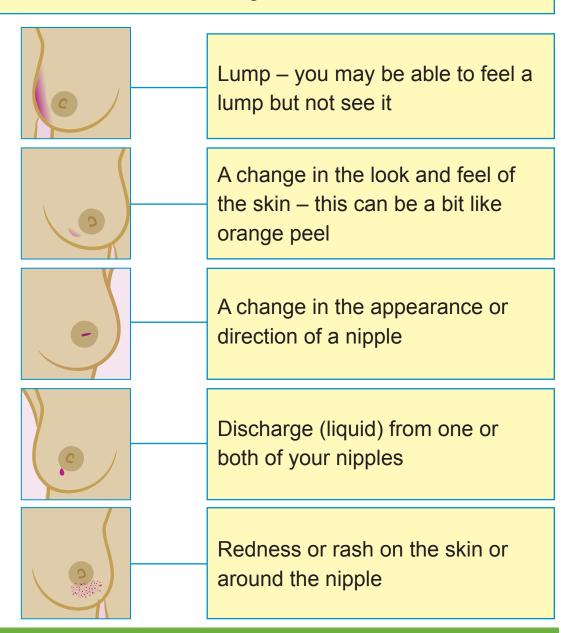
If you know how your breasts usually look and feel you are more likely to spot changes that could be a sign of cancer.

Touch your breasts. Can you feel anything unusual?

Look for changes. Is there any change in the shape of your breasts or how they look?

Check anything unusual with your doctor.

It is important to look out for the following:



More information



You can phone your local breast screening unit using the number on the appointment letter we sent you.

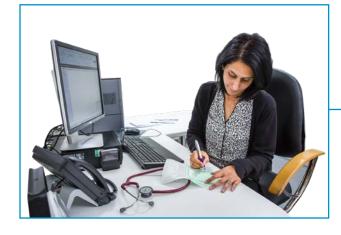
A carer, relative or friend can phone for you.



You can visit the cancer screening website at

www.nidirect.gov.uk/ information-and-services/livingwell/early-detection

This website has the telephone number and address of your local breast screening unit.



You can also talk to your own doctor.



Public Health Agency
12-22 Linephall Street, Belfa

12-22 Linenhall Street, Belfast BT2 8BS. Tel: 0300 555 0114 (local rate). www.publichealth.hscni.net

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